URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

PO Box 2460 La Pine, Oregon 97739 (541) 536-1432

AGENCY OFFICIALS

DANIEL RICHER PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Mayor
CATHI VANDAMME PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Council President
VICKI RUSSELL PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Chair
COURTNEY IGNAZZITTO PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Vice Chair
ANN GAWITH PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Member
ANDREA HINE PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Member
SCOTT ASLA PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739	Member

CITY ADMINISTRATION

GEOFF WULLSCHLAGER PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739 City Manager

ASHLEY IVANS PO Box 2460, La Pine, OR 97739 Assistant City Manager/Finance Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	i-ii
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	2-5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Notes To The Basic Financial Statements:	14-21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and A Urban Renewal - General Fund	Actual 23
	23
OTHER REPORTS ON LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS	
Indpendent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	25



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the La Pine Urban Renewal Agency Board the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the La Pine Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine, Oregon, (the Agency), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Agency as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 2-5, schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals on page 23, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals described on page 23 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have issued our report dated February 28, 2024, on our consideration of the Agency's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the Agency's compliance.

18 fll

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA Umpqua Valley Financial, LLC Roseburg, Oregon February 28, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S

DISCUSSION

AND ANALYSIS

THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LA PINE Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The management discussion and analysis of the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine, Oregon financial performance provides an overview of the Agency's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2023. This discussion and analysis review the Agency's financial performance. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Agency's financial performance.

The Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine, Oregon (the agency), a component unit of the City of La Pine, Oregon (the City), was started in 2014 with the overall purpose of using tax increment financing (TIF), a financing source unique to urban renewal, to fund its projects to overcome obstacles to the proper development of the City of La Pine. The Agency Plan and Report defines the urban renewal area, states goals and objectives for the area, lists projects and programs that can be undertaken, provides a dollar limit on the funds borrowed for urban renewal projects, and states how the plan may be changed in the future.

The purpose of urban renewal is to improve specific areas of a city that are poorly developed or underdeveloped. These areas can have old or deteriorated buildings, public spaces that need improvements, streets, and utilities in poor condition, a complete lack of streets and utilities altogether, or other obstacles to development. The Area has infrastructure needs, lacks adequate streetscape and parking, and does not have a program for assistance to business owners.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

- The Agency's net position decreased by \$29,743 as reported in the Statement of Activities. The Net Position at year-end was \$547,502, primarily from cash and investments.
- Total revenue for the Agency was \$206,250. The Agency collected \$198,430 in County Taxes and earned \$7,820 in interest & investment earnings.
- The Agency had \$235,994 in program expenses and \$0 in transfers for this fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduce the Agency's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: 1) governmental fund financial statements, and (2) notes to the basic financial statements. To supplement the basic financial statements, this report also includes required supplementary information, other supplementary data, and accompanying information.

THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LA PINE Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Unlike government-wide financial statements, these statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

The first of the governmental fund statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the Agency statement of position presenting information that includes all the Agency's assets and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities which reports how the Agency's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current-year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance on property tax revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the governmental fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules are included as Required Supplementary Information for the La Pine Urban Renewal Agency Fund. The Required Supplementary Information section immediately follows the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and revised budget.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the Agency. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The Agency's Net Position at the fiscal year-end was \$547,502, a reduction of \$29,743 from the prior year reflecting a 5.1% decrease.

The Agency's net position reflects current and other assets of \$547,502. The Agency does not own Capital Assets.

The Agency's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the receipt of tax receipts, payment of administrative expenses, and an annual transfer to the City of La Pine for debt service in the Sewer Fund.

<u>THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LA PINE</u> Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following tables provide a summary of the Agency's Net Position and changes for the current and prior fiscal year.

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022		
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 547,502	\$ 577,246		
Total Assets	547,502	577,246		
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -		
Total Liabilities				
Net Position				
Restricted	\$ 547,502	\$ 577,246		
Total Net Position	\$ 547,502	\$ 577,246		

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2022-23	2021-22		
Revenues				
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 198,430	\$ 148,325		
Interest & Investment Earnings	7,820	1		
Total Revenues	206,250	148,326		
Program Expenses				
General Government	\$ 235,994	\$ 7,309		
Total Expenses	235,994	7,309		
Change in Net Position	\$ (29,744)	\$ 141,017		

THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LA PINE Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The Statement of Activities shows revenues received and the cost of Agency activities in its service to the City Urban Renewal District.

As discussed previously, the focus of the Agency is to provide financial support to Urban Renewal Projects for the City's development.

As the Agency completed the year, the ending fund balance was \$547,389, a decrease of \$29,476 (5%) from the previous year. The fund balance constitutes restricted funds for Urban Renewal Projects.

Revenue – Property tax and assessment revenue was \$198,698. Interest and investment revenue was \$7,820. Total revenue for the agency was \$206,518.

Expenses – Expenses represent the administrative costs of managing the Urban Renewal Agency. The General Government expenses totaled \$235,994.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Summary

This year's budget is similar to last year's with no notable differences. The Agency has projected tax revenues at a 3% increase based on last year's tax assessment. This information was projected by using the Deschutes County Assessment report provided by Scott Langton annually.

Budgetary Highlights

The Agency adopted the budget for the fiscal year 2023-24 for \$731,009. This represents a slight increase over the prior year's budget of \$729,209. \$342,500 is appropriated to the General Fund, of those funds, \$342,500 is assigned to Capital Outlay and \$92,500 to Materials and Services. The remaining \$388,509 is assigned as unappropriated reserve amounts.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City of La Pine at (541) 536-1432. The office is located inside City Hall, 16345 Sixth Street, La Pine, Oregon 97739.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Government-Wide</u> <u>Financial Statements</u>

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	546,903
Property Taxes Receivable		599
Total Assets	\$	547,502
LIABILITIES:		
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Total Long-Term Liabilities		-
Total Liabilities	\$	
NET POSITION:		
Restricted for:		
Urban Renewal Projects		547,502
Total Net Position	\$	547,502

URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues					Net
Functions / Programs	(Expenses)	Cha fo Serv		Operating GrantsCapital GrantsandandContributionsContributions		(Expense) Revenue and Change in <u>Net Position</u>	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
General Government	\$ 235,994	\$	_	\$		\$ 	\$ (235,994)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 235,994	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$ (235,994)

GENERAL REVENUES:

Taxes	
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	198,430
Interest and Investment Earnings	7,820
Subtotal - General Revenues	206,250
Change in Net Position	(29,744)
Net Position, July 1, 2022	577,246
Net Position, June 30, 2023	\$ 547,502

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Urban Renewal General Fund	
ASSETS:		
Cash and Investments	\$	546,903
Property Taxes Receivable		599
Total Assets	\$	547,502
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES:		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred Property Tax Revenue		113
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		113
Fund Balances:		
Restricted for:		
Urban Renewal Projects		547,389
Total Fund Balances		547,389
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources & Fund Balances	\$	547,502

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 547,389
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes receivables not collected within 60 days of the current period ending date are deferred in the governmental funds.	112
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 547,501

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Urban Renewal General Fund	
<u>REVENUES:</u>		
Taxes and Assessments	\$	198,698
Interest and Investment Earnings		7,820
Total Revenues		206,518
EXPENDITURES:		
Current Operating:		
General Government		14,371
Capital Outlay		221,623
Total Expenditures		235,994
Net Change in Fund Balance		(29,476)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2022		576,865
Fund Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	547,389

LA PINE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(29,476)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end and are therefore not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds, instead these funds are shown as deferred revenue. However, these funds are recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities. The changes in amounts deferred are as follows:	
Property Taxes	113
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$(29,363)

BASIC FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS

<u>Notes to the Basic</u> <u>Financial Statements</u>

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Reporting Entity

The Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine, Oregon (Agency) was established in 2014. The Agency is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the State of Oregon. The governing body is comprised of the Mayor and the Agency Board of the City of La Pine.

The Agency is a separate legal entity, governed by the City of La Pine. The Agency Board can impose its will over the Agency as determined based on budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding for the Agency. Therefore, under the criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Agency is considered a component unit of the City of La Pine, and the Agency's financial activities are included as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements of the City of La Pine.

Although a component unit of the City of La Pine, the Agency exists and operates separately from the City of La Pine. Accordingly, the Agency's financial statements will also be included in the financial statements of the City of La Pine.

The Agency has no potential component units.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Urban Renewal Agency (Agency) of the City of La Pine have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial levels. The Agency's activities are governmental and are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the Agency as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is a separate accounting entity. The Agency has only governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

Basis of Presentation (Cont.)

The financial transactions of the Agency are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Agency has elected to report on its only fund, the General Fund, as a major fund to assist in compiling a complete and accurate picture of the financial position of the Agency.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Agency. It is used to account for all the financial resources. The principal sources of revenue are tax increment financing (TIF) revenues and interest on investments. Primary expenditures of the General Fund are used for the construction of and development projects of the City of La Pine.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the city receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the city funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is the city's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The city considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Property taxes, interest, and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when the cash is received by the government and is recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Cont.)

Similar to the way revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund-based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, cash, and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings, and money market accounts, and any short-term, highly liquid investments with initial maturity dates of three months or less.

The Agency has adopted an investment policy requiring compliance with Oregon statutes, which authorizes the Agency to invest in obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the State of Oregon, and numerous other investment instruments.

The Agency's investments may consist of time certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government Agency securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The Agency's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. The LGIP is stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The fair value of the LGIP is the same as the Agency's value in the pool shares.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended, non-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF) which was established by the State Treasurer. In seeking to best serve the local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury on the management and investment options of the LGIP.

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

Property Taxes

The assessment date for the tax year is July 1. Personal and real property taxes are a lien on July 1. Total personal property tax becomes due and is delinquent when any installment is not paid by its due date. Real property tax is due and payable on November 15. However, a taxpayer may pay real property taxes in three equal installments, due on the 15th day of November, February, and May. Real property taxes become delinquent if not paid by May 15.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

In the governmental funds, property taxes that have not been collected within sixty days after year-end are not considered measurable and available and are therefore not recognized as revenue, but rather as deferred inflows of resources.

Capital Assets

All capital assets which include property and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.) become City of La Pine (primary government) capital assets and therefore are not reported on the Agency's Statement of Net Position.

Long-Term Obligations

The Agency has no long-term obligations.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements - Equity is classified as net position, which represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in two components:

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted".

The Agency's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

Equity Classifications (Cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Agency is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

• <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The Agency did not have any nonspendable resources.

• <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Agency has restricted funds for urban renewal projects.

• <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for the specific purpose that is internally imposed by the government through the resolution of the highest level of decision-making authority, the Agency Board, and does not lapse at year-end. The Agency does not have committed resources.

• <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Agency Board or through the Agency Board delegating this responsibility to selected staff members or through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

• <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances of other governmental funds.

The Agency's policy is to use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of the constrained fund balances.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the Agency's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 -Local Budget Law). The Agency is required to budget all funds. The budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For all fund types, inter-fund loans are budgeted as sources and used in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual receipts and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document. The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

In early spring a preliminary budget calendar, budget preparation manual, and budget worksheets are distributed to appropriate department directors. The City Administrator (Agency Director) and the Finance Director develop a proposed budget, after which the Agency Director publishes two notices of Budget Committee meetings. No less than five days, or more than thirty days after the notices are published, the Budget Committee (consisting of the Agency Board and an equal number of citizens of the City of La Pine) meets to consider the proposed budget. The Budget Message is delivered, explaining the proposed budget and any significant changes in the Agency's financial position.

The Budget Committee conducts public meetings to obtain citizens' comments, deliberates on, and subsequently approves the proposed budget, which includes any additions or deletions from the one presented by the Agency Director originally. The Budget Committee then submits the approved budget to the Agency Board for final adoption. The approved expenditure for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by the board without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the board adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, as approved by the budget committee, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The Agency Board legally adopts the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. The level of control established by the resolution for each fund is the object group level (i.e., personal services, materials, and services, capital outlay, and other expenditures). Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

The Agency Board may change the budget throughout the year by resolution and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget using a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the board. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

For a discussion of deposit and investment policies and other related information, see the Cash and Investments note under the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The Agency follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by state statutes. These restrictions are summarized in the Cash and Investment note under the Summary of Significant Account Policies.

Investments, including amounts held in pool cash and investments, are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market prices, if available; otherwise, the fair

(A Component Unit of the City of La Pine)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

<u>Deposits</u> - All cash is deposited in compliance with Oregon statutes. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. FDIC insurance of \$250,000 applies to the deposits in each depository. Where balances continually exceed \$250,000, ORS 295 requires the depositor to verify that deposit accounts are only maintained at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the state treasurer's website.

Qualifying depository banks must pledge securities with a particular value based on the bank's level of capitalization. The balances more than the FDIC insurance are considered exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of a depository failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. The Agency does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2023, the reported amount of the Agency's deposits was \$546,902 and the bank balance was \$546,902. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or by pledged securities with the qualifying depository banks.

<u>Investments</u> - Oregon statutes authorize the Agency to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Governmental Investment Pool. The Agency has no credit risk policy or investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Credit Risk - Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations.

Concentration of Credit Risk - An increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from one issuer. This results in a concentration of credit risk. The Agency places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>:

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Agency carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior years and the Agency has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. The Agency's insurance is provided in combination with the City of La Pine.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		(Budgetary Basis)	Over
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)
<u>REVENUES:</u>				
Property Taxes - Current	\$ 154,500	\$ 154,500	\$ 197,642	\$ 43,142
Property Taxes - Prior	-	-	1,056	1,056
Investment Revenue	75	75	7,820	7,745
Total Revenues	154,575	154,575	206,518	51,943
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and Services	53,168	53,168	14,371	(38,797)
Capital Outlay	359,000	359,000	221,623	(137,377)
Contingency	125,000	125,000		(125,000)
Total Expenditures	537,168	537,168	235,994	(301,174)
Net Change In Fund Balance	(382,593)	(382,593)	(29,476)	353,117
Fund Balance - July 1, 2022	574,634	574,634	576,865	2,231
Fund Balance - June 30, 2023	\$ 192,041	\$ 192,041	\$ 547,389	\$ 355,348

REPORTS ON LEGAL

AND OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS As of June 30, 2023

To the Governing Body of the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine La Pine, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of La Pine (Agency) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued my report thereon dated February 28, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with out testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Agency was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency internal control over financial reporting. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Agency and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Olle

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA Umpqua Valley Financial February 28, 2024